கிதை இ கிறிகர் அதிறிகி (முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது/All Rights Reserved)

(ලී ලංකා විශාන දෙපාර්තරම්නතුව ලී ලංක	ා විතාග දෙපාර්තමේක්ෂුව 🚜 ඉංකුළුවුනා	ල ලදුලාරු දෙනුවන් පවස සිතුව විභාග	දෙපර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විශාල දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ச்சுவம் இண்ணைப் பரீட்சைத் திணைக்களம் Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
இலங்கைப் பரிசைத் தீகைக்களர்	இலங்கைப் பந்தை தன்னக்கள்	டத்தைகையு HJL வரது தினை	க்களம் இலங்கைப் பரீட்சைக் கிணைக்களம்
Department of Examinations, Sri Lank:	a Department of (2) (A) B460 45 U ri Lift	∟60978. 60 60018 65 6110 S.:	Lanka Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka
ලී ලංකා විභාහ දෙපාර්තරමිත්තුව නි ලංක	ා විභාග දෙපා <u>ර්තයම්ත්තව වී ලංකා වි</u> ණ	ල අදපාර්යයම්ත්තව ශී-ලංකා වනත	පෙරවලයමන්තව ශී ලංකා විනාන පෙදාර්තයමන්තව
இளங்கைப் பரிக்கசத் நிணைக்களம்	Bergmen AMMAN LANT OF P	xaminaupns, 5n Lanka	වදපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විතාශ දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව සහසර මූවේකයට වෝ කළේ ඒකතාවයයාට
867\W/986	ා පොදු සහතික පතු	(Append Green) Brosner	7016
<u> </u>	ာ မင္းမွ ထမားကာ ငည္မ	(Coo ace) como	zvij gewiooj

கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

භුගෝල විදාහාව புவியியல் I Geography

		V===	`
22	E		
		,	IJ

පැය දෙකයි இரண்டு மணித்தியாலம் Two hours

Index	No.	;	***************************************

Instructions:

- * This paper consists of two parts.
- * Part I consists of 30 multiple choice questions. Answers to Part I should be written on this paper itself.
- * Answer scripts of both Part I and Part II, should be attached together and handed over.

For Examiner's use only.

	Question No.	Marks
Part I	1 - 30	
Part II	1	
	2	
	3	
Total		

William Parket	Signature	Code Number
1 st Examiner's		
2 nd Examiner's		
Additional Chief Examiner's		
Chief Examiner's		
Arithmetic Checker's		

Part I

- Select the correct answer for each question and write its number on the dotted line.
- 1. Which one of the following answers state three physical features shown in the 1:50000 topographic maps?
 - (1) high land, slopes, natural vegetation (2) forests, islands, crops
 - (3) grasslands, valleys, paddy lands
- (4) plains, convex slope, settlements
- (5) marshes, concave slope, bridges

 (\dots)

(....)

 (\dots)

- 2. The true length of a river shown by 10 cm on 1:50 000 topographic map is
 - (1) 2.5 km
- (2) 5 km
- (3) 7.5 km
- (4) 10 km
- (5) 15 km
- 3. The answer that correctly shows the representative fraction of a smallest scale map is
 - (1) 1:2000 (4) 1:200 000

(2) 1:5000 (5) 1:250 000 (3) 1:40 000

- 4. A multiple line graph is most suitable to show the
 - (1) annual changes of exports.
 - (2) land use pattern in a given year.
 - (3) attendance of students in a class.
 - (4) tourists arrival by countries of origin.
 - (5) monthly usage of electricity by industrial sectors.

 (\ldots)

- 5. Which is the correct answer that describes the advantage of using secondary data?
 - (1) Can be observed in a field
 - (2) Time is saved
 - (3) Collected according to researcher's objectives
 - (4) Reliability is at a high level
 - (5) Can be used without referring to source

6.	Which answer correctly shows three variables with discrete data? (1) tourist arrivals, lakes and children in family (2) height, land use and distance (3) precipitation, elevation and soil moisture (4) weight, land use and evaporation (5) soil moisture, evaporation and time	()
7.	Two measures that are used to show the dispersion of a data set are (1) inter-quartile range and mean deviation. (2) range and cumulative frequency. (3) median and percentile. (4) standard deviation and mean. (5) mode and upper quartile.	()
8.	The most suitable graph to show the production and imports rice of Sri Lanka together in a give of years is (1) compound bar graph. (3) compound line graph. (4) simple vertical bar graph. (5) frequency polygon.	en period
9.	Two important data input methods in Geographic Information System (GIS) are (1) digitising and Global Positioning System. (2) digitising and graph. (3) Global Positioning System and printing. (4) statistical tables and reports. (5) digital file and map.	()
10.	An automated technology used for capture, storage, manipulate, analysis and display of spatial data as (1) the Global Positioning System. (2) the Geographic Information System. (3) Remote sensing. (4) Aerial photograph. (5) Landsat Imagery	is known
11.	Which one of the following answers correctly gives the approximate limits of the stratosphere? (1) 18 km - 40 km (2) 10 km - 60 km (3) 14 km - 50 km (4) 16 km - 80 km (5) 10 km - 40 km	()
12.	Two gases comprising the highest volume of gas in the atmospheric composition are (1) nitrogen and oxygen. (2) nitrogen and carbon dioxide. (3) oxygen and methane. (4) oxygen and ozone. (5) helium and krypton.	()
13.	The major factor that is responsible for the 'general circulation' of the atmosphere is (1) difference in pressure gradient force between land and sea. (2) the existence of low and high pressure belts over latitudes. (3) the frictional force exerted at the lower latitudes. (4) the variation of Coriolis force in different latitudes. (5) centrifugal force that occurs at different latitudes.	()
[4.	Intensity of river erosion is mainly determined by (1) nature of slope and geological structure. (2) nature of slope and meanders. (3) nature of eroded materials and river-cliff. (4) levees and river cliff. (5) delta and floodplain.	()
15.	An erosional landform created by mountain glaciers is (1) zeugens. (2) moraine. (3) esker. (4) drumlin. (5) hanging valley.	()

16.	Which one of the following answers correctly gives the two types of rocks that are formed by metan of sedimentary and igneous rocks? (1) Gneiss and marbles (2) Granite and marbles	ıorphism
	(3) Basalt and marbles (4) Limestone and dolomite	()
17.	(5) Gabbro and dolomite Which one of the following answers correctly includes three landforms caused by tensional movem	() ents?
	 Thrust fault, rift fault and anticline Thrust fault, normal fault and syncline Normal fault, rift fault and syncline Thrust fault, rift fault and step faulting Thrust fault, syncline and horst 	()
18.	Main physical properties of the soil are (1) colour, structure and moisture. (3) structure, moisture and acidity. (5) acidity, structure and colour. (2) colour, structure and salinity. (4) colour, acidity and salinity.	()
19.	Which one of the following three places consist of highland series metamorphic rocks in Sri Lanka (1) Rakwana hills, Central hills and Tabbowa (2) Central hills, Rakwana hills and Kataragama hills (3) Rakwana hills, Kataragama hills and Andigama (4) Kataragama hills, Tabbowa and Andigama (5) Tabbowa, Andigama and Pallama	a? ()
20.	 World's tropical rain forests are mainly found in Brazil, Myanmar, Vietnam and South Africa. Brazil, Myanmar, Central India and South Africa. Central India, Malaysia, Central Chile and California. Brazil, Zaire, California and South Australia. Brazil, Myanmar, Laos and Thailand. 	()
21.	A population pyramid with a wide base that narrows as the age group progress indicates that population (1) declining rapidly. (2) increasing rapidly. (3) declining slowly. (4) stabilizing at present level. (5) reaching an optimum level.	lation is
22.	Of the world population approximately what percentage lives in the developing countries at present (1) 25% (2) 35% (3) 40% (4) 50% (5) 80%	?
23.	Which of the following answers shows a tertiary economic activity? (1) Working as a handicraft maker (2) Working as a bus driver (3) Working in fish canning industry (4) Labourer in a iron and steel plant	
	(5) Working as a farmer preparing land for cultivation	()
24.	Which one of the following statements best describes the shifting cultivation? (1) A monoculture that changes crops annually in response to market demand (2) A subsistence agricultural practice that abandon one plot of land after several years and mov another	ing to a
	 (3) An intensive agriculture that grows crops and tends animals in one plot of land (4) An agriculture that is practised in terraced lands in the tropical regions (5) A migratory agricultural system that moves livestock from one ground to another 	()
25.	Which answer correctly gives the four major concentrations of population in the world? (1) East Asia, Southern Africa, Southern Europe, North-East North America (2) East Asia, South Asia, North-West Europe, Southern Africa (3) South-East Asia, South Asia, North-East North America, Central America (4) East Asia, South Asia, North West Europe, North East North America	
	(4) East Asia, South Asia, North-West Europe, North-East North America(5) North-West Europe, Western North America, East Asia, South Asia	()

26.	Which answer corn (1) London and (3) New York at (5) Mumbai and	Tokyo. (7 nd Mumbai. (4	cities in the World in 2025 in terms of population? 2) Tokyo and Mumbai. 4) Tokyo and Dacca.	·····)
27.	The answer that corespectively is (1) Colombo and (3) Gampaha and (5) Kandy and B	i Hambantota. (2	tricts with highest and lowest urban population in Sri 2) Colombo and Kegalle. 4) Colombo and Nuwara Eliya.	Lank:
28.	The two countries (1) Brazil and M (3) Brazil and In (5) India and Ch	fexico. (2 ndia. (4	ount of cane sugar in the world at present are 2) Indonesia and Thailand. 3) Brazil and Pakistan. ()
9.	The country where (1) India. (3) New Zealand (5) Japan.		S) South Africa. Australia.)
0.	The two countries (1) Maldives and (3) Sri Lanka and (5) Maldives and	Bhutan. (2 d Maldives. (4	Development Index (HDI) in South Asia in 2013 are Maldives and India. Sri Lanka and Nepal.)

இதை இதிக்கி அதிப்புரிமையுடையது/All Rights Reserved]

# 0.50 Base seeks 2 - 0 0				
ැල් යංගා හොළු අද්යාපකයකොත්ග යි ලංකා	ිතාම දේපාර්තමේන්තුව හි ලංකා විභාග	්දෙකුර්තයම්න්තව මේ නො න විභාල	දෙපාර්තෘමිත්තව නී ලංකා	විහාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තව
ල් ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා ඉංක්කොර uffනා දුරු එහෙනුණෙන්න ටදානහාent of Examinations. Sri Lanka රේ ලංකා විභාග දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ල් ලංකා	Rechonse up on the same of the	n according and a series	ห่องเมา ซึ่งหน่องเว่า บริ	ัสบาล์ เชื่อกลาล่ะนอบบั
Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka	Department of Separation as t ell in the	ണങ്ങുക്കുക്കുക്കുന്നുക S	ri lanka Department of les	mainstring Sri Lant's
ශී ලංකා විශාග දෙපාර්තාමින්තුව ශී ලංකා මූපෝනයේ පුරි ගුවලා නිකමන්වයගේ	PROF REPLANSBRIDGE & GOOD BOTON	GERTARORANO A CON SWA	CONTRACTOR OF COMME	Santanona. Antanona
Carleman of the man Boxes a con-	Department of Ex	aminations Sril anks	രമാനമാലൊമ്പാ ക്രിക്കോ	යනන අද්ධාරකයෙන්ද
3512000000000000000000000000000000000000	War remember and Errana St. 12 stranger 1 select	and the second s	арын Жогамын ні	் செத்த திலைக்கள்

අධායන පොදු සහතික පසු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

භූගෝල විදසාව I புவியியல் I Geography I



Part II

Instructions:

- * Answer two questions only, selecting question No. 1 and one question from questions 2 and 3.
- * A part of 1:50 000 topographic map of Pallegama and two graph papers are provided.
- 1. You are provided with a part of the 1:50000 topographic map of Pallegama, published by the Survey Department of Sri Lanka. The contours are shown at 20 meter interval. Answer the following questions based on the map.

N.B.

- * Answers should not be written on the map.
- * You should clearly state the relevant question number and its subsection in the answer script.
- * Do not attach the provided map to your answer script.
- (i) State the elevation of the highest point in the map area in meters.

(01 mark)

- (ii) Identify and name the type of slopes along the lines marked as AB and CD in the map. (02 marks)
- (iii) Identify and name the types of human settlements shown in quadrants number 1 and 2 in the map. (02 marks)
- (iv) Redraw the tank in quadrant number 3 to the scale of 1:25 000.

(04 marks)

(v) Briefly describe the drainage pattern in the map area.

- (03 marks)
- (vi) Discuss the factors that have influenced the distribution of paddy cultivation in the map area. (04 marks)
- (vii) Discuss major reasons for **not** extending agricultural activities and human settlements in the western half of the map area. (04 marks)
- 2. (i) State what the main components of a Geographic Information System (GIS) are. (02 marks)
 - (ii) Explain three important elements that are essential for the effective use of Geographic Information System. (06 marks)
 - (iii) Describe the advantages of Geographic Information System techniques in data management and analysis. (06 marks)
 - (iv) Describe **three** salient features that can be identified in the recent development of modern cartography. (06 marks)

3. The value of agricultural exports of Sri Lanka by major categories for selected five years from 2005 to 2013 in billion rupees is given in **Table 1**.

Table 1 - Agricultural Exports of Sri Lanka from 2005 to 2013 (Rs. billion)

Category	2005	2007	2009	2011	2013
Tea	81.5	113.6	136.2	164.9	199.4
Rubber	4.7	12.1	11.3	22.8	9.2
Coconut	11.4	14.2	18.6	29.4	26.5
Other agricultural crops	18.4	42.7	43.9	62.4	98.8

Source: Economic and Social Statistics of Sri Lanka, 2014

Using the data given in Table 1, answer the following questions.

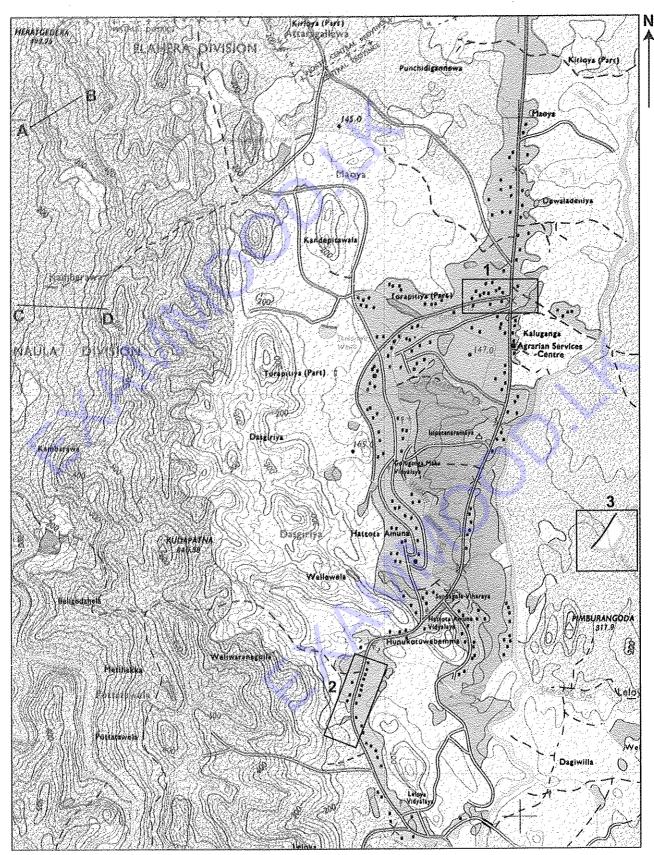
(i) Draw a compound bar graph to represent data given in Table 1.

- (10 marks)
- (ii) State briefly, **three** trends in agricultural exports of Sri Lanka that can be identified from the graph. (06 marks)
- (iii) Explain briefly with the help of sketch diagrams another suitable cartographic method, other than the Compound Bar Graph, to depict the data given in **Table 1**. (04 marks)



අධායන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අ**ගෝස්තු** கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

22 I භූගෝල විදහාව I புவியியல் I Geography I



SCALE 1:50,000

සමෝච්ච රේඛා අන්තරය මීටර 20 சமவுயரக்கோடு இடைவெளி 20 மீற்றர் Contour Interval 20 metres

கீனு இ விகை අப்பெலி (முழுப் பதிப்புரிமையுடையது /All Rights Reserved]

දී ලංකා විතන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ලී ලංකා විතාම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවල් ඇතු දිගුනු සුදුරුණ්ඩුකු මුණුනු විතාම දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉහමතාවේ 11ව තවතු තිබෙන්සෙන්ගේ ඉහමතාවේ 11ව කම් පිමාත්තයේගේ ඉහළතාවේ 11ව තවතු නිලාකවසන්ගේ 14ව නවත් විසානාවසන්ගේ Department of Examinations, Sri Lanka Department of <mark>ඔබෝම්නාවසට 11ව ගේ 1</mark>2 ක්රීම්න්තුවේ 12 ක්රීම්න්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුවේ ඉහළතුවක් විසානාවසට 11ව නවතු දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව දී ලංකා විතාන දෙපාර්තමේන්තුව ඉහළතාවේ 11ව නවතු ජීනතාවසන්ගේ ඉහළතාවේ විසානාවසට මත්වේන්තුවේ 12 ක්රීම්න්තුවේ 12 ක්රීම්න්තයේගේ 11ව නවතු ජීනතාවසන්ගේ

අධානයන පොදු සහතික පතු (උසස් පෙළ) විභාගය, 2015 අගෝස්තු கல்விப் பொதுத் தராதரப் பத்திர (உயர் தர)ப் பரீட்சை, 2015 ஓகஸ்ற் General Certificate of Education (Adv. Level) Examination, August 2015

තුගෝල විදහාව II புඛ්யിயல் II Geography II



පැය තුනයි முன்று மணித்தியாலம் Three hours

Instructions:

* Selecting at least two questions from each part, answer five questions only.

Part I - Physical Geography

1. (i) (a) Draw a sketch diagram depicting the long profile of a river.

- (02 marks)
- (b) Mark the **three** major phases of the long profile and name **one** process that can be identified in each of those phases.
 - (03 marks)

(ii) Explain briefly in what ways a river transports its sediment load.

- (03 marks) (06 marks)
- (iii) Explain the process of formation of three landforms created by erosion in a river valley.

(iv) Describe three major landforms created by depositional process in a river valley.

(06 marks)

2. (i) Name six major tectonic plates of the lithosphere of the Earth.

- (03 *marks*)
- (ii) Describe two major landforms created by the movement of tectonic plates in the lithosphere. (05 marks)
- (iii) Explain three physical consequences caused by an earthquake.

- (06 marks)
- (iv) Explain three measures that can be adopted to minimize the damage caused by an earthquake. (06 marks)
- 3. (i) Name four factors that contribute to the process of soil formation.

- (02 marks)
- (ii) Selecting two factors that you have named in (i) above, discuss how they contribute to the soil formation process.
 - (04 marks)

(iii) (a) Draw a diagram of a soil profile.

(02 marks)

(b) Describe **four** characteristics of the soil profile, you have drawn.

- (06 marks)
- (iv) Discuss four human factors responsible for soil degradation in Sri Lanka.
- (06 marks)

4. (i) Name four major biomes in the world.

- (02 marks)
- (ii) Selecting one of the biomes you have named in (i) above, describe four salient characteristics of it.
 - (06 marks)
- (iii) Describe three problems faced by the biome that you have described in (ii) above.
- (06 *marks*)
- (iv) Explain briefly four measures that have been adopted to conserve forests in Sri Lanka.
- (06 marks)

Part II - Human Geography

5. (i) State briefly what is meant by population migration.

- (02 marks)
- (ii) Describe four salient characteristics of present global population migration.
- (04 *marks*)
- (iii) Discuss in brief four problems associated with global population migration at present.
- (06 marks)
- (iv) Evaluate four contributions made by the outmigration of labour to the socio-eonomic development of Sri Lanka.
- (08 *marks*)

6. Table 1 shows the rank order of the ten largest rice producing countries in the world in 1970 and 2013.

Table 1 - Ten largest rice producing countries in the world in 1970 and 2013

1970					2013		
Rank	Countries		Production (in MT'000)	Rank	Countries	·	Production (in MT'000)
1	China		109 990	1	China		230 290
2	India	•••	63 338	2	India		159 200
3	Indonesia	•••	19 331	3	Indonesia	•••	71 280
4	Bangladesh		16 715	4	Bangladesh		51 500
5	Japan		16 493	5	Vietnam	***	44 039
6	Thailand	***	13 850	6	Thailand		38 787
7	Vietnam		10 173	7	Myanmar		28 000
8	Myanmar		8 162	8	Philippines		18 439
9	Brazil	•••	7 553	9	Brazil	***	11 759
10	Philippines	114	5 578	10	Japan	***	10 758
	World	.,.	316 346		World	** 5	745 710

Source: Geo Hive - Rice Production: 1996 - 2015

	(i)	With reference to Table 1 state four trends in rice production in the World between 1970 and 2013.	(04	marks)	
	(ii)	Select one of the trends you have stated in (i) above and give two factors responsible for it.	•	marks)	
	(iii)	Discuss three factors underlying the increase of rice production in Sri Lanka.	(06	marks)	
	(iv)	Explain two problems encountered by rice production in Sri Lanka.	(06	marks)	
7.	(i)	Name four major motor vehicle producing countries in the world at present.	(02	marks)	
	(ii)	Discuss in brief four factors that determine the location of the motor vehicle production industry.	(06	marks)	
	(iii)	Examine four recent trends in the motor vehicle production industry of the world.	(06	marks)	
	(iv)	Discuss in brief four problems faced by the motor vehicle producing countries at present.	(06	marks)	
8.	(i)	(a) Name four major tourism zones of Sri Lanka.	(02	marks)	
		(b) Name four countries from which the highest number of tourists are coming to Sri Lanka.	(02	marks)	
	(ii)	Describe three major factors that have made Sri Lanka a tourist attraction.		marks)	
	(iii)	Explain four factors that show how tourism industry contributes to the economic development of Sri Lanka.	(06	marks)	
	(iv)	Describe two measures that have been adopted by the government to develop tourist industry in Sri Lanka.	(04	marks)	